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# Improvement Proposals to Intrinsically Motivational Robotics



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Introduction: why intrinsically motivated robots?

- Key challenge is to identify and implement low-level mechanisms that allow a long-term development.
- The more low-level these mechanisms are, the more the system can be considered as relevant.
- Inspect and design scalable task-independent mechanims that may involve the robot in a self autonomous skill practice.



# Zoom on SAGG-RIAC

# SAGG-RIAC

## **Curious Developmental Living Loop**

**input**:  $\xi_r$ : raw experiments;  $\xi_g$ : goal experiments;  $\sigma$ : states; while True do

- Deeply anchored at a sensorimotor level and allows low-level action selection in the **high-dimensional sensorimotor space** for a robot.
- Explores the self competence acquisition paradigm: choose sensory regions where it wants to return to instead of sensorimotor regions where it comes from.
- Sensory learning guided by a goal which consists in mixing exploitation phases and local exploration phases.
- The purpose of reaching phases is to test the reliability of the forward motor model while the purpose of exploration phases is to improve the inverse **model** of the system.
- Exploration phases are triggered when the reliability is too low.

$$\kappa(\sigma_i, \gamma, \sigma_f) = max(-\sum_{i=1}^{i=|S|} \frac{|\sigma_f.S_i - \gamma.S_i|}{|\sigma_i.S_i - \gamma.S_i|}, \kappa_{max})$$

```
start \leftarrow \sigma_t
  R \leftarrow argmax(\rho(R_i))
 \gamma \leftarrow R.randomGoal()
  actions \leftarrow \emptyset
  repeat
    action \leftarrow getNextAction(\sigma_t, \gamma)
    actions \leftarrow actions \cup action
   execute(action)
    \xi_r \leftarrow \xi_r \cup \langle \sigma_{t-1}, action, \sigma_t \rangle
   if \kappa_t \leq \kappa_{max} then
     for i \in \{1..exploration Trials\} do
        action \leftarrow randomAction(\sigma_t)
       execute(action)
       \xi_r \leftarrow \xi_r \cup < \sigma_{t-1}, action, \sigma_t >
     end
   end
 until \kappa_t \geq \kappa_{min} or timeout exceeded
end
\xi_g \leftarrow \xi_r \cup < start, \gamma, actions, \sigma_t > 
R.reorganizeMemory()
```

## Improvements proposals to SAGG-RIAC

Although we keep the overall operation of the motivationnal living algorithm SAGG-RIAC we draw some improvements we describe here.

#### Interest measure

# Next action to reach a goal

- $\rho(R_i) = LP(R_i) + UCT(R_i)$
- Timestamped derivative that tends to reduce the interest by flattening the interest curve when experiments are very infrequent.

 $LP(R_i) = \frac{\sum_{j=0}^{|R_i|/2} c_j - \sum_{j=|R_i|/2}^{|R_i|} c_j}{\sum_{i=0}^{|R_i|/2} t_i - \sum_{i=|R_i|/2}^{|R_i|} t_i}$ 

UCT based diversification measure

taking into account the number of experiments conducted in the current region relative to the total number of experiments.

 $UCT(R_i) = c \times \sqrt{\frac{\ln n}{n_i}}$ 

Using k-nearest-neighbour experiments among previously acquired experiments maximizing two criteria.

 $v(\xi_k) = \sum_{j=1}^{j=|S|} |\xi_k \cdot \sigma_i \cdot S_j - \sigma \cdot S_j| + |\xi_k \cdot \sigma_f \cdot S_j - \gamma \cdot S_j|$ 

• Generating a **mean action** with respect to actions performed in these experiments.

$$v(a_i) = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{j=|\xi|} \xi_j.action[i]}{|\xi|}$$

# Memory restructuring

- Upgrading splitting condition so as to make it dynamic, i.e. correlated with the development of the agent
- Introducing a mechanism for merging **regions** to allow a subsequent restructuring.
- Trying to maximize the absolute value of the difference between the learning progress in the two subregions relative to the current learning progress in the mother region.

$$\mu(R_1, R_2, R) = \frac{|LP(R_1) - LP(R_2)|}{LP(R)}$$

#### **Future works**

- Discovering process is underlined by a better dynamic splitting condition.
- Forgetting is only about parts of the segmentation of the sensorimotor space that used to make sense with a lack of information but that seems inappropriate with more experience.
- ► We are willing to run precise **parametric experiments** to compare our proposals.
- ► We are also working at new ways of **defining**, evaluating and comparing performance between different developmental trajectories.

### **Quick References**

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