

### Ab Initio Quantum Mechanical Simulations of Defective MoS2 and Au Interfaces in 2D nanodevices

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# Ab Initio Quantum Mechanical Simulations of Defective MoS<sub>2</sub> and Au Interfaces in 2D Nanodevices

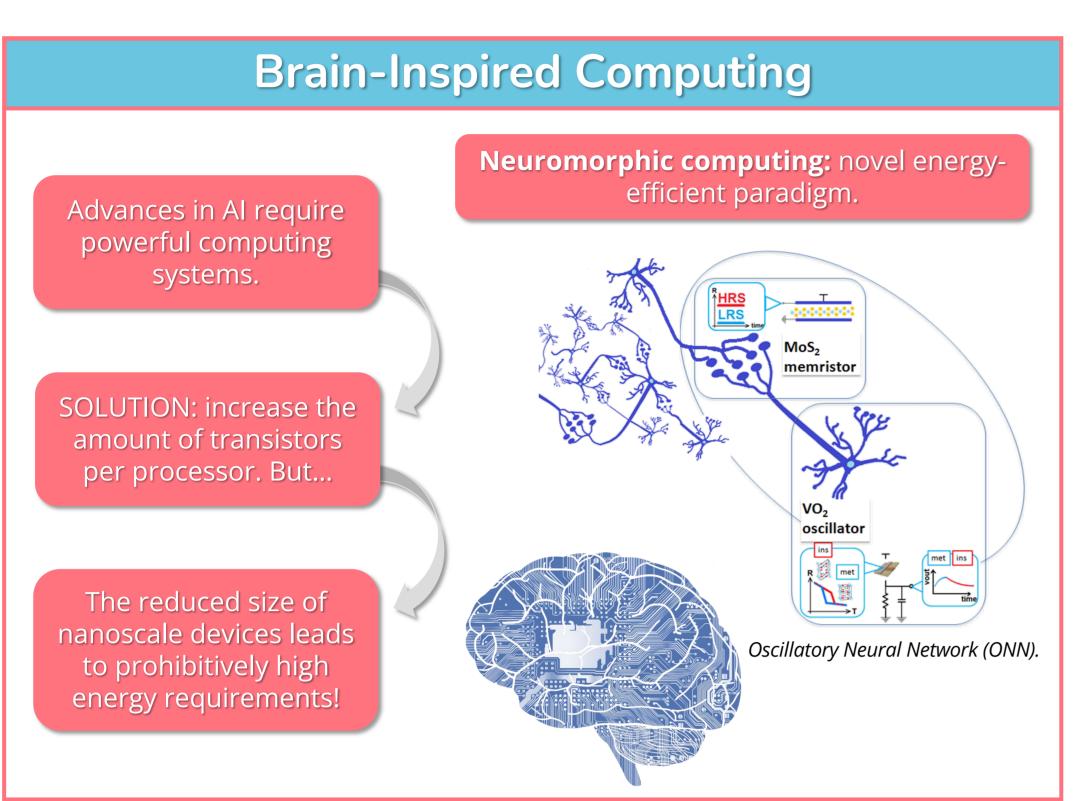




### Gabriele Boschetto<sup>1</sup>, Stefania Carapezzi<sup>1</sup>, and Aida Todri-Sanial<sup>1,2</sup>

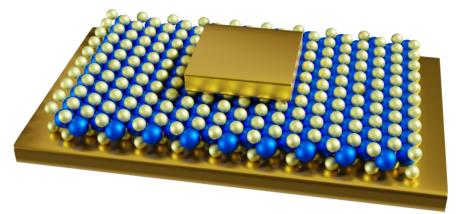
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# The Synapse: MoS<sub>2</sub> Memristor

- A memristor is an electrical component that limits/regulates the flow of electrical current in the circuit.
- Memristors "remember" the amount of charge that has previously flown through.
- Memristors are **non-volatile**: they retain memory without power.



High Resistivity State

Low Resistivity State

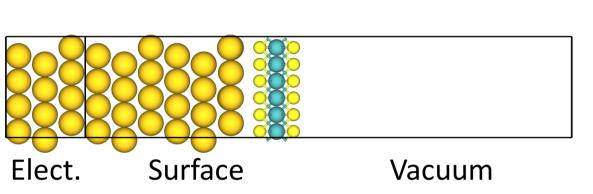
Au/MoS<sub>2</sub>/Au vertical memristor ("atomristor").

- What is the **physical mechanism** of the resistive switch?
  - 2. Do **defects in the material** play any role?

Charge Redistribution at the Interface

#### Au/MoS<sub>2</sub> Interface Model

 We use DFT coupled with Green's function surface simulations with QuantumATK to model realistic Au/MoS<sub>2</sub> contacts with small and extended defects.



Dirichlet

Neumann

#### **Simulation Details**

• XC functional: PBE-D2 Density cut-off: 150 Ry K-point mesh: 3 x 2 x 138 MP grid LCAO Medium basis set

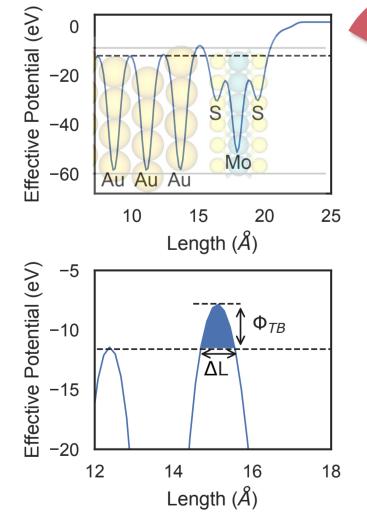
**Beyond Graphene:** 

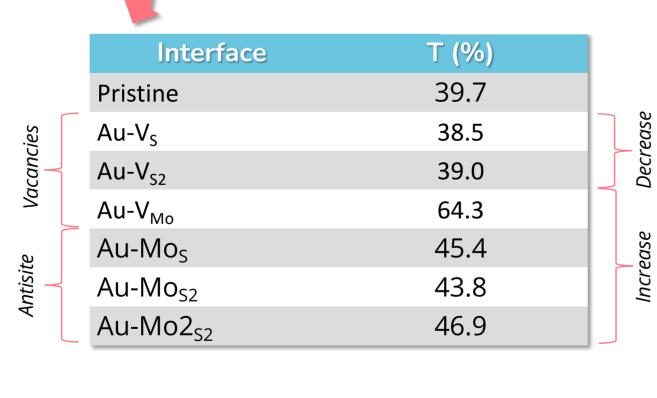
- We computed **electron density difference maps** of ea to qualitatively assess the strength of the Au/N
  - · Relaxed geometries provide hints of between defective MoS<sub>2</sub> and Au.

EDD maps of selected defective interfaces enrichment; blue isos in the electron de

#### **Electron Injection Rates**

• We computed defect-mediated electron injection rates by looking at the effective potential at the materials' interface.





 Antisite Mo atoms bridge MoS<sub>2</sub> with the Au electrode and **improve** the quality of the contact.



# **Conclusions and Outlook**

- We combined DFT with Green's function surface simulations to predict and assess the impact of defects on the electronic properties of MoS<sub>2</sub> and Au contacts.
- We obtained important insights into the physics at the interface between the core material and the metal electrode for two-dimensional nanodevices.

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- In the near future, we aim to extend and to increase the complexity of the interface models by:
  - Including **adatoms** (e.g., Au) adsorbed either on the Au electrode or on MoS<sub>2</sub>;
  - Combining more than a single defect type in the same simulation.

Fraunhofer CSIC





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**SILVACO** 

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